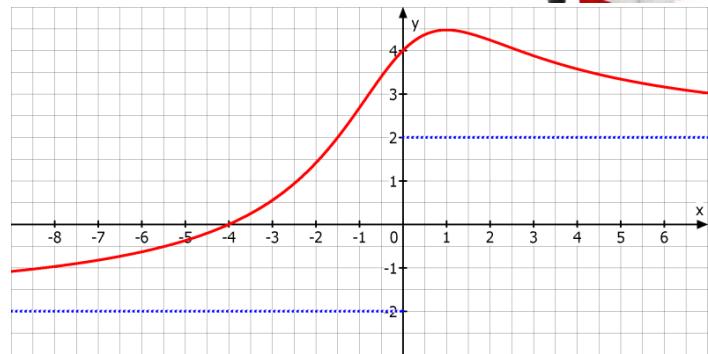


Q11 * Mathematik * „Schöne“ Funktionen für eine Kurvendiskussion



$$f(x) = \frac{2x+8}{\sqrt{x^2+4}} ; f'(x) = \frac{8 \cdot (1-x)}{(x^2+4)^{3/2}}$$

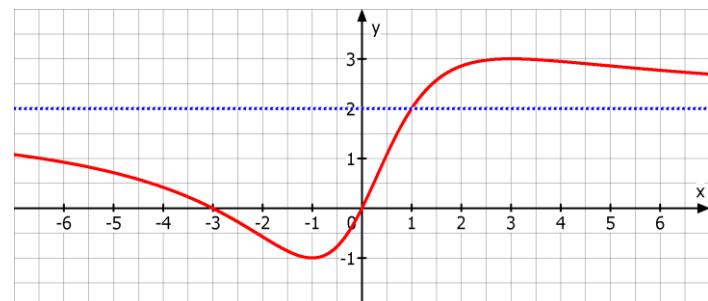
$$\text{HOP}(1/2\sqrt{5}) ; \lim_{x \rightarrow \pm\infty} f(x) = \pm 2$$



$$f(x) = \frac{2x^2 + 6x}{x^2 + 3} ; \lim_{x \rightarrow \pm\infty} f(x) = 2$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{6 \cdot (-x^2 + 2x + 3)}{(x^2 + 3)^2}$$

$$\text{TIP}(-1/-1) ; \text{HOP}(3/3)$$

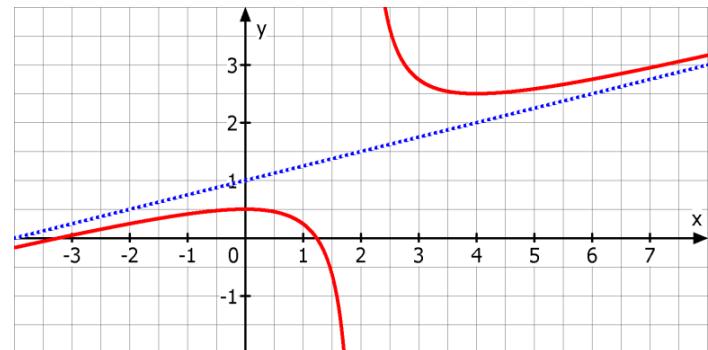


$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 2x + 8}{4x - 8}$$

Schräg liegende Asymptote
 $y = 0,25x + 1$ für $x \rightarrow \pm\infty$

$$f'(x) = \frac{4x \cdot (x-4)}{(4x-8)^2}$$

$$\text{HOP}(0/0,5) ; \text{TIP}(4/2,5)$$



$$f(x) = \frac{1}{8}(3x^4 - 4x^3 - 12x^2) ; \lim_{x \rightarrow \pm\infty} f(x) = \infty$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{3}{2}x(x+1)(x-2)$$

$$\text{HOP}(-1/-\frac{5}{8}) ; \text{TIP}(2/-4)$$

